

# **12<sup>th</sup> Implementation Report – the EU Telecom Sector Before the Reform**

Viviane Reding  
Commissioner for Information Society  
and Media

29 March 2007



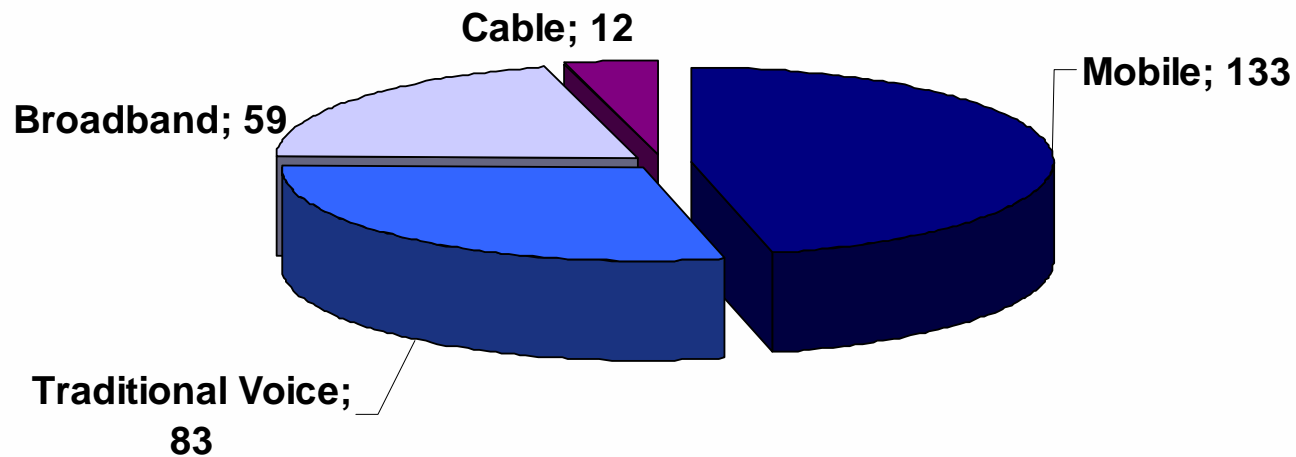
# A large and dynamic sector – but some contradictions

- Electronic communications services:
  - 2% of the EU economy
  - key to the i2010 goals
- 2006 was a year of some market dynamism, but also missed opportunities



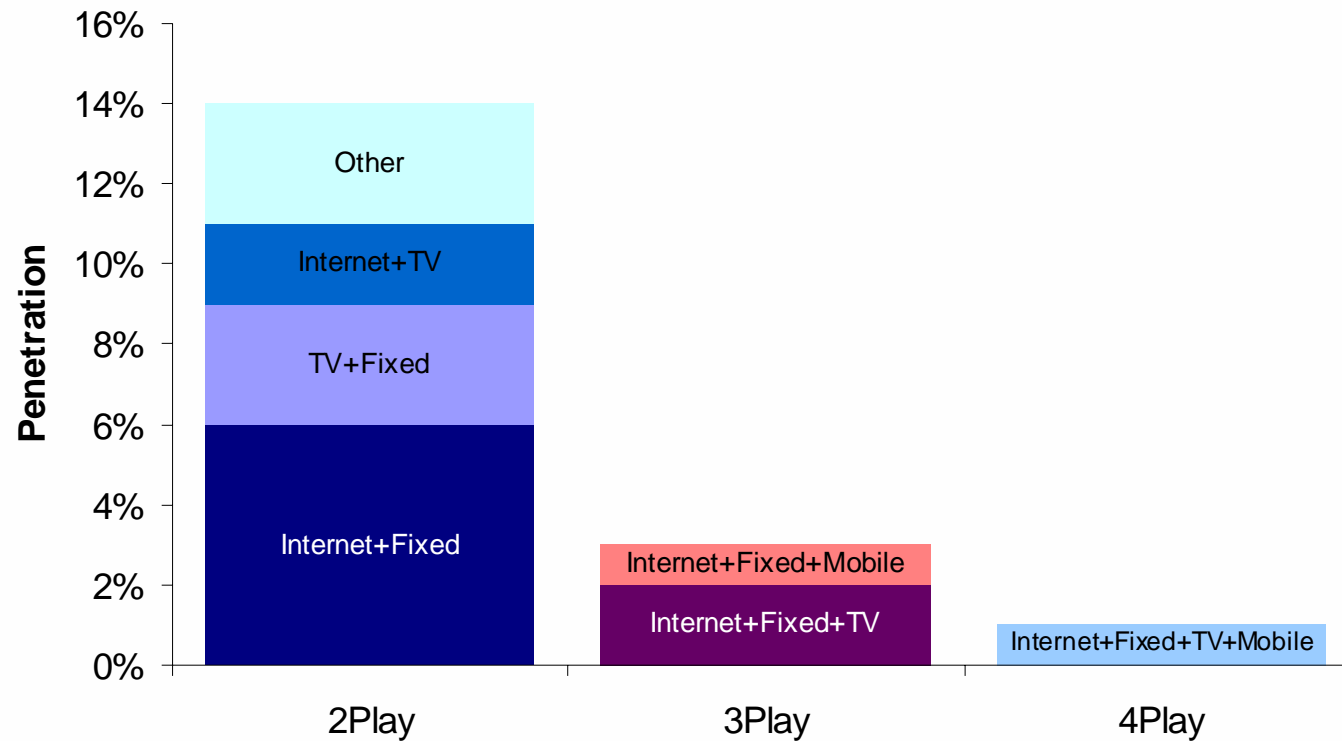
# Overall growth of 2.3%

The EU Electronic Communications Sector 2006  
(EURO billion) - 2.3% growth



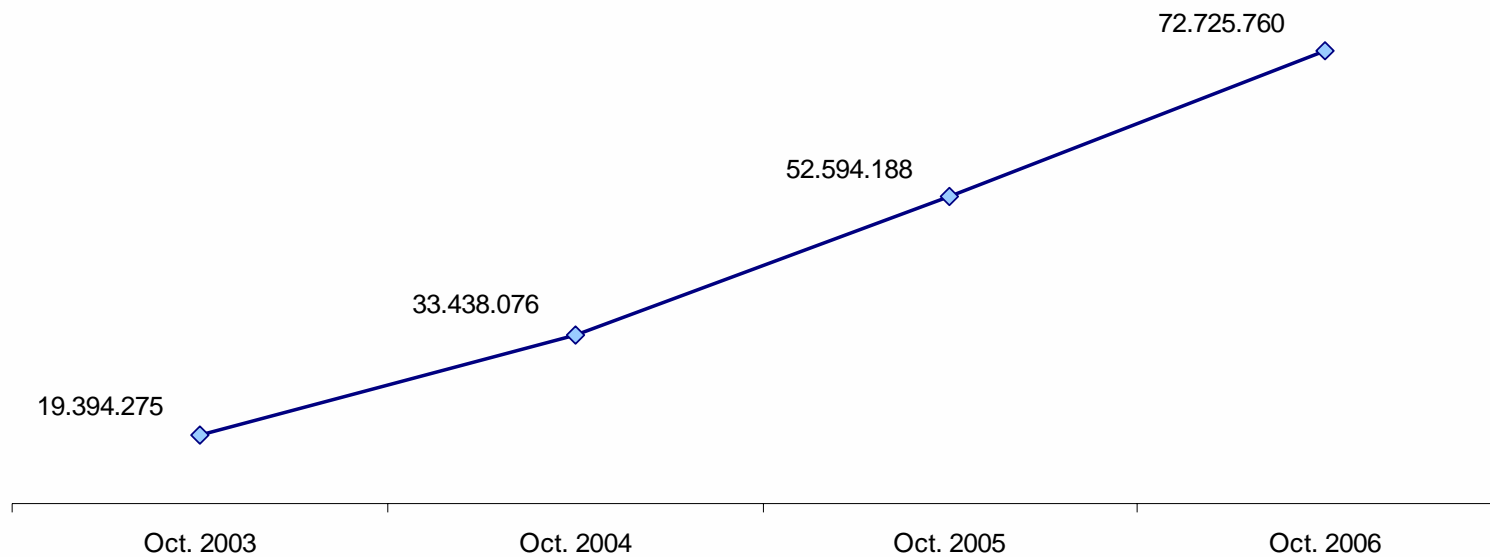
# Convergence is starting

## EU household take-up of bundled offers



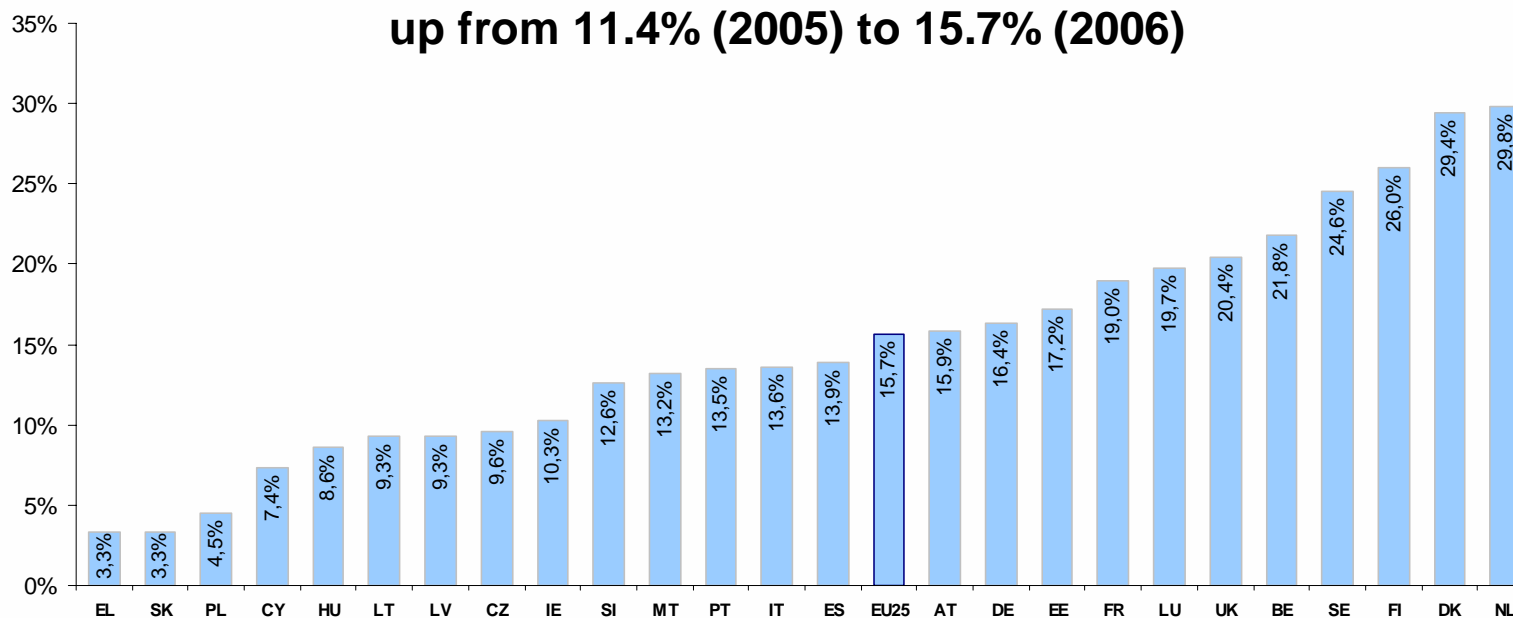
# Tremendous growth in broadband lines...

EU Total Broadband Fixed Access Lines



# ...is reflected in increased take-up rates...

EU broadband take-up rate -  
up from 11.4% (2005) to 15.7% (2006)



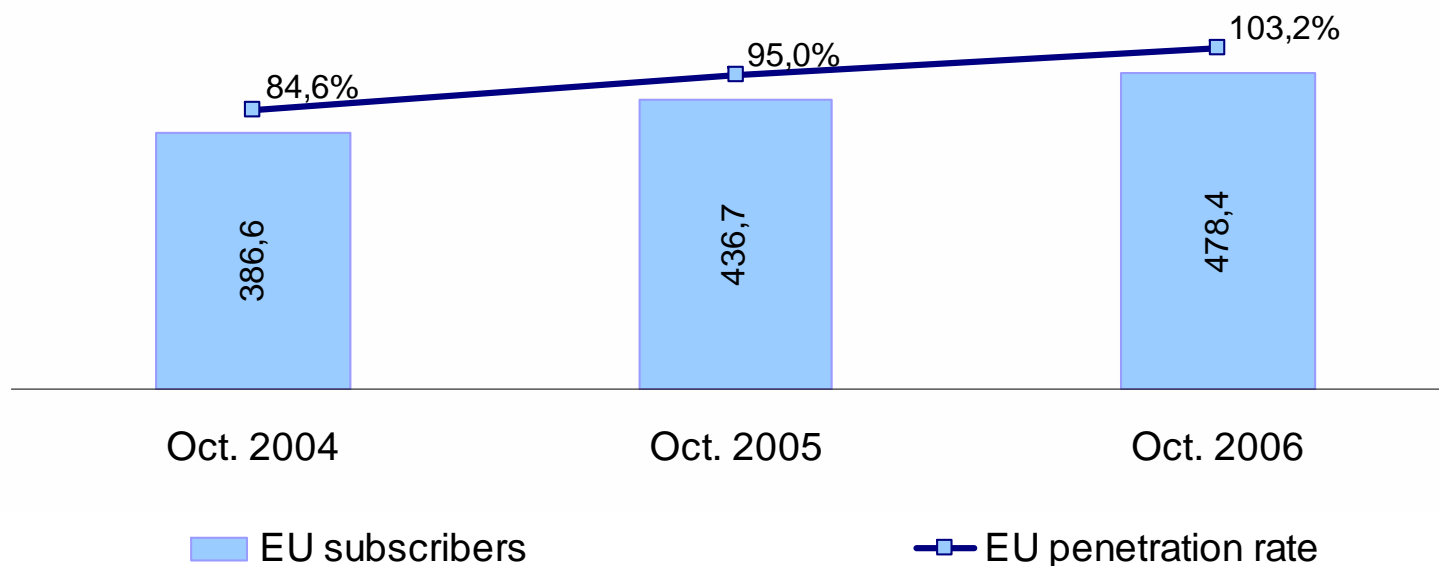
## ... but Member States' performance remains uneven

- Seven EU Member States are world leaders in broadband roll-out – particularly the Netherlands, Denmark and Finland
- Other countries are more disappointing - for instance Germany, Italy, Spain or Ireland, despite recent growth, still perform below their capabilities
- 8 Member States below 10%.



# Mobile subscriptions in the EU have grown to record levels...

Mobile subscribers penetration in EU (2G and 3G)





## **... but not all consumers are able to share in the benefits**

- The market alone has failed to bring about competitive roaming services – the Commission intervened in 2006
- High termination charges have led to some consumers' subsidizing others



# Main issue for the Reform 2007

- Inconsistencies
- Inconsistencies
- Inconsistencies

**Lack of a  
true  
Internal  
Market  
in telecoms**



# Inconsistencies in Remedies

- Often different regulatory remedies
  - eg for broadband access
- Sometimes similar regulatory remedies but different methodologies – eg cost-modelling vs. use of simple benchmarks



# Inconsistencies in sticking to the EU telecom rules

- More than 140 **infringement proceedings** since 2003 - eg 112 emergency number, lack or delay of market analysis or “regulatory holidays” for the German VDSL network
- **Delays** caused by national appeals systems
- Uncertainty over **political independence** of national regulators



# Inconsistencies in the allocation of scarce resources

- Diverging and inefficient approaches to **radio spectrum**
- Diverging approaches to the allocation of **numbers** - such as to new VoIP players



# These issues will be tackled in the Reform

Consolidating  
the internal market

Managing spectrum  
and scarce resources

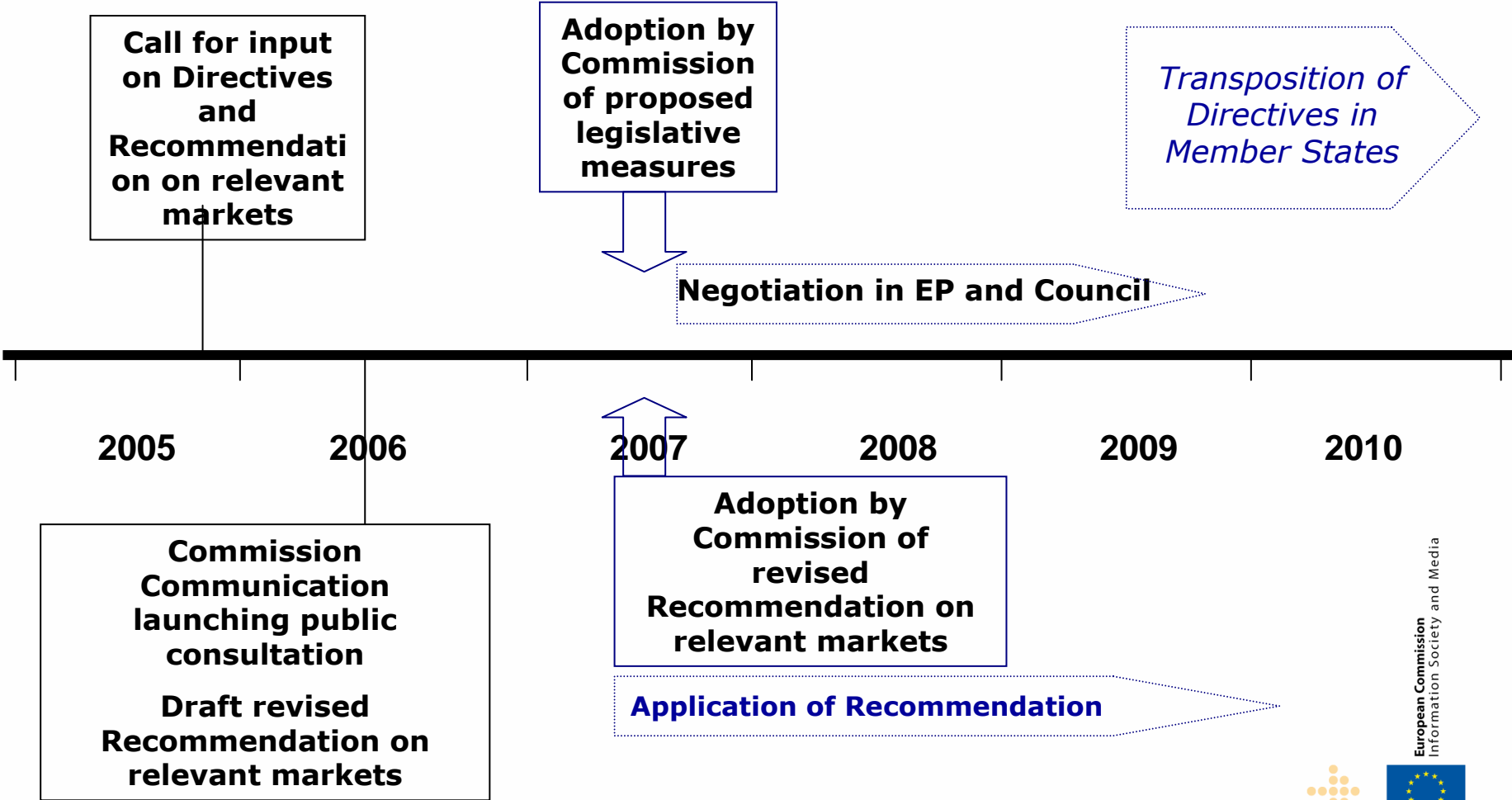
Strengthening  
consumer protection



Towards a  
"European  
FCC"



# Commission proposals coming soon



# Main conclusions of this year's Telecom Convergence Report

- Increasingly competitive markets are bringing consumer benefits
  - Continued EU-wide price decreases between 2005 and 2006 for basic fixed and mobile services
  - Greater choice of innovative services
- 478 million Europeans have a mobile phone
- Broadband take-up is at 15.7%





# 2007 will be a decisive year

- Political priority:  
Create a true Internal Market  
without regulatory borders
- Regulatory inconsistencies  
need to be tackled

